

SCHEDULE KINDS OF DANGEROUS WILD ANIMALS

NOTE: See section 7(5) of this Act for the effect of the second column of this Schedule

<i>Scientific name of kind</i>	<i>Common name or names</i>
<u>MAMMALS</u>	
Marsupials	
Family <i>Dasyuridae</i>: The species <i>Sarcophilus lanarius</i> .	The Tasmanian devil.
Family <i>Macropodidae</i>: The species <i>Macropus fuliginosus</i> , <i>Macropus giganteus</i> , <i>Macropus robustus</i> and <i>Macropus rufus</i> .	The western and eastern grey kangaroos, the wallaroo and the red kangaroo.
Primates	
Family <i>Cebidae</i>: All species except those of the genera <i>Aotus</i> , <i>Callicebus</i> and <i>Saimiri</i> .	New-world monkeys (including capuchin, howler, saki, uacari, spider and woolly monkeys). Night monkeys (also known as owl monkeys), titi monkeys and squirrel monkeys are excepted.
Family <i>Cercopithecidae</i>: All species.	Old-world monkeys (including baboons, the drill, colobus monkeys, the gelada, guenons, langurs, leaf monkeys, macaques, the mandrill, mangabeys, the patas and proboscis monkeys and the talapoin).
Family <i>Hominidae</i>: All species except those of the genus <i>Homo</i> .	Anthropoid apes; chimpanzees, bonobos, orang-utans and gorillas.
Family <i>Hylobatidae</i>: All species.	Gibbons and Siamangs.
Family <i>Indriidae</i>: All species of the genera <i>Propithecus</i> and <i>Indri</i> (<i>Avahi laniger</i> is excepted).	Leaping lemurs (including the indri and sifakas). The woolly lemur is excepted.
Family <i>Lemuridae</i>: All species except those of the genus <i>Hapalemur</i> .	Large lemurs. Bamboo or gentle lemurs are excepted.
Edentates	

<p>Family Dasypodidae:</p> <p>The species <i>Priodontes maximus</i>.</p>	<p>The giant armadillo.</p>
<p>Family Myrmecophagidae:</p> <p>The species <i>Myrmecophaga tridactyla</i>.</p>	<p>The giant anteater.</p>
<p>Carnivores</p>	
<p>Family Canidae:</p> <p>All species except those of the genera <i>Alopex</i>, <i>Cerdocyon</i>, <i>Dusicyon</i>, <i>Otocyon</i>, <i>Pseudolopex</i>, <i>Urocyon</i>, <i>Vulpes</i> and <i>Nyctereutes</i>.</p> <p>The species <i>Canis familiaris</i>, other than the subspecies <i>Canis familiaris dingo</i>, is also excepted.</p>	<p>Wild dogs, wolves, jackals, the maned wolf, the bush dog and the dhole.</p> <p>Foxes, raccoon dogs and the domestic dog (but not the dingo) are excepted.</p>
<p>Family Felidae:</p> <p>All except—</p> <p>(a)</p> <p>the species <i>Felis silvestris</i>, <i>Otocolobus manul</i>, <i>Leopardus tigrinus</i>, <i>Oncifelis geoffroyi</i>, <i>Oncifelis guigna</i>, <i>Catopuma badia</i>, <i>Felis margarita</i>, <i>Felis nigripes</i>, <i>Prionailurus rubiginosus</i> and <i>Felis silvestris catus</i>;</p> <p>(b)</p> <p>a hybrid which is descended exclusively from any one or more species within paragraph (a);</p> <p>(c)</p> <p>a hybrid of which—</p> <p>(i)</p> <p>one parent is <i>Felis silvestris catus</i>, and</p> <p>(ii)</p> <p>the other parent is a first generation hybrid of <i>Felis silvestris catus</i> and any cat not within paragraph (a);</p> <p>(d)</p>	<p>All cats including the bobcat, caracal, cheetah, jaguar, leopard, lion, lynx, ocelot, puma, serval and tiger.</p> <p>The following are excepted:</p> <p>(a) the wild cat, the pallas cat, the little spotted cat, the Geoffroy's cat, the kodkod, the bay cat, the sand cat, the black-footed cat, the rusty-spotted cat and the domestic cat;</p> <p>(b) a hybrid cat which is descended exclusively from any one or more species within paragraph (a);</p> <p>(c) a hybrid cat having as one parent a domestic cat and as the other parent a first generation hybrid of a domestic cat and any cat not within paragraph (a);</p> <p>(d) any cat which is descended exclusively from any one or more hybrids within paragraph (c);</p> <p>(e) any cat which is descended exclusively from a domestic cat and any one or more hybrids within paragraph (c).</p>

<p>any cat which is descended exclusively from any one or more hybrids within paragraph (c) (ignoring, for the purpose of determining exclusivity of descent, the parents and remoter ancestors of any hybrid within paragraph (c));</p> <p>(e)</p> <p>any cat which is descended exclusively from <i>Felis silvestris catus</i> and any one or more hybrids within paragraph (c) (ignoring, for the purpose of determining exclusivity of descent, the parents and remoter ancestors of any hybrid within paragraph (c)).</p>	
<p>Family Hyaenidae:</p> <p>All except the species <i>Proteles cristatus</i>.</p>	Hyænas. The aardwolf is excepted.
<p>Family Mustelidae:</p> <p>All species of the genera <i>Amblonyx</i>, <i>Arctonyx</i>, <i>Aonyx</i>, <i>Enhydra</i>, <i>Lontra</i>, <i>Melogale</i>, <i>Mydaus</i>, <i>Pteronura</i> and <i>Taxidea</i>.</p> <p>The genus <i>Lutra</i> except the species <i>Lutra lutra</i>.</p> <p>The species <i>Eira barbara</i>, <i>Gulo gulo</i>, <i>Martes pennanti</i> and <i>Mellivora capensis</i>.</p>	Badgers (except the Eurasian badger), otters (except the European otter) and the tayra, wolverine, fisher and ratel (otherwise known as the honey badger).
<p>Family Ursidae:</p> <p>All species including the species <i>Ailuropoda melanoleuca</i> and <i>Ailurus fulgens</i>.</p>	All bears including the giant panda and the red panda.
<p>Family Viverridae:</p> <p>All of the genus <i>Civettictis</i>.</p> <p>All of the genus <i>Viverra</i>.</p> <p>The species <i>Cryptoprocta ferox</i>.</p>	The African, large-spotted, Malay and Indian civets and the fossa.
Pinnipedes	
Family Odobenidae: All species.	The walrus.
Family Otariidae: All species.	Eared seals.
<p>Family Phocidae:</p> <p>All species except <i>Phoca vitulina</i> and <i>Halichoerus grypus</i>.</p>	<p>True or earless seals.</p> <p>The common seal (or harbour seal) and grey seal are excepted.</p>

Elephants	
Family <i>Elephantidae</i> : All species.	Elephants.
Aardvark	
Family <i>Orycteropodidae</i> : The species <i>Orycteropus afer</i> .	The aardvark.
Odd-toed ungulates	
Family <i>Equidae</i> : All species except <i>Equus asinus</i> and <i>Equus caballus</i> .	Asses, horses and zebras. The donkey and domestic horse are excepted.
Family <i>Rhinocerotidae</i> : All species.	Rhinoceroses.
Family <i>Tapiridae</i> : All species.	Tapirs.
Even-toed ungulates	
Family <i>Antilocapridae</i> : The species <i>Antilocapra americana</i> .	The pronghorn.
Family <i>Bovidae</i> : All species except any domestic form of the genera <i>Bos</i> , <i>Bubalus</i> , <i>Capra</i> and <i>Ovis</i> .	Antelopes, bison, buffalo, gazelles, goats and sheep. Domestic cattle, buffalo, goats and sheep are excepted.
Family <i>Camelidae</i> : All species of the genus <i>Camelus</i> .	Camels.
Family <i>Cervidae</i> : All species of the genera <i>Alces</i> and <i>Rangifer</i> , except any domestic form of the species <i>Rangifer tarandus</i> .	The moose or elk and the caribou or reindeer. The domestic reindeer is excepted.
Family <i>Giraffidae</i> : All species	The giraffe and the okapi.
Family <i>Hippopotamidae</i> : All species.	The hippopotamus and the pygmy hippopotamus.
Family <i>Suidae</i> : All species except any domestic form of the species <i>Sus scrofa</i> .	Old-world pigs (including the wild boar and the wart hog). The domestic pig is excepted.
Family <i>Tayassuidae</i> : All species.	New-world pigs (otherwise known as peccaries).
Hybrids	

<p>Any hybrid of a kind of animal specified (other than by way of exception) in the foregoing provisions of this column where at least one parent is of a kind so specified, and any animal of which at least one parent is such a hybrid.</p> <p>This does not include an excepted hybrid of the Family <i>Felidae</i>.</p>	<p>Any mammalian hybrids with at least one parent of a specified kind, and any animal of which at least one parent is such a hybrid.</p> <p>This does not apply to excepted cat hybrids.</p>
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BIRDS

Cassowaries

Family <i>Casuariidae</i> : All species.	Cassowaries.
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Ostrich

Family <i>Struthionidae</i> : All species.	The ostrich.
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REPTILES

Crocodylians

Family <i>Alligatoridae</i> : All species.	Alligators and caimans.
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Family <i>Crocodylidae</i> : All species.	Crocodiles and the false gharial.
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Family <i>Gavialidae</i> : All species.	The gharial (otherwise known as the gavial).
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Lizards and snakes

<p>Family <i>Atractaspididae</i>:</p> <p>All species of the genus <i>Atractaspis</i>.</p>	Burrowing asps, also known as mole or burrowing vipers and stiletto snakes.
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<p>Family <i>Colubridae</i>.</p> <p>All species of the genera <i>Malpolon</i> and <i>Thelotornis</i>.</p> <p>The species <i>Dispholidus typus</i>, <i>Rhabdophis subminiatus</i>, <i>Rhabdophis tigrinus</i>, <i>Elapomorphus lemniscatus</i>, <i>Philodryas offersii</i>, <i>Tachymenis peruviana</i> and <i>Xenodon severus</i>.</p>	<p>Certain rear-fanged venomous snakes, Montpellier snakes and African vine snakes (otherwise known as African twig or bird snakes).</p> <p>The boomslang, the red-necked keelback, the yamakagashi (otherwise known as the Japanese tiger-snake), the Argentine black-headed snake, the South American green racer, the Peruvian racer and the Amazon false viper.</p>
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Family <i>Elapidae</i> : All species.	Certain front-fanged venomous snakes including cobras, coral snakes, kraits, mambas, whipsnakes and all Australian poisonous snakes (including the death adders).
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Family <i>Hydrophiidae</i> : All species.	Sea snakes.
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Family <i>Helodermatidae</i>: All species.	The gila monster and the (Mexican) beaded lizard.
Family <i>Viperidae</i>: All species.	Certain front-fanged venomous snakes (including adders, the barba amarilla, the bushmaster, the fer-de-lance, moccasins, rattlesnakes and vipers).
<u>INVERTEBRATES</u>	
Spiders	
Family <i>Ctenidae</i>: The genus <i>Phoneutria</i> .	Wandering spiders.
Family <i>Hexathelidae</i>: The genus <i>Atrax</i> .	The Sydney funnel-web spider and its close relatives.
Family <i>Sicariidae</i>: The genus <i>Loxosceles</i> .	Brown recluse spiders (otherwise known as violin spiders).
Family <i>Theridiidae</i>: The genus <i>Latrodectus</i> .	The widow spiders and close relatives.
Scorpions	
Family <i>Buthidae</i>: All species.	Buthid scorpions.
Family <i>Hemioscorpiidae</i>: The species <i>Hemiscorpius lepturus</i> .	Middle-Eastern thin-tailed scorpion.”